

Verba Nova: Unit 4

Verbs

First Conjugation

appellō (1) - to call, address, name

iūrō (1) - to take an oath, swear

iuvō, iuvāre, iūvī, iūtum - to help; to please, delight

spectō (1) - to look at, consider

Second Conjugation

careō, -ēre, -uī - to lack (+ abl.)

impleō, -plēre, -plēvī, -plētum - to fill in, fill up

maneō, manēre, mānsī, māsum - to remain

moveō, movēre, mōvī, mōtum - to move

praebeō, -ēre, -uī, -itum - to furnish, supply, render

sedeō, sedēre, sēdī, sessum - to sit

Third Conjugation -ō

cadō, cadere, cecidī, cāsum - to fall, be killed

cingō, cingere, cīnxī, cīnctum - to encircle, surround

corrumpō, -rumpere, -rūpī, -ruptum - to break up, destroy, ruin

crēscō, crēscere, crēvī, crētum - to grow, increase

currō, currere, cucurrī, cursum - to run

frangō, frangere, frēgī, frāctum - to break, shatter

tangō, tangere, tetigī, tāctum - to touch

tendō, tendere, tetendī, tentum - to stretch, extend

Third Conjugation -iō

capiō, capere, cēpī, captum - to seize

accipiō, -cipere, -cēpī, -ceptum - to receive

excipiō, -cipere, -cēpī, -ceptum - to take out

incipiō, -cipere, -cēpī, -ceptum - to begin

recipiō, -cipere, -cēpī, -ceptum - to take back, receive; *sē recipere* - to betake oneself, go

deficiō, -ficere, -fēcī, -fectum - to fail, give out; to revolt from (*de • faciō, facere, fēcī, factum*)

patior, patī, passum - to suffer, endure, permit

Irregular

fīō, fierī, factum - to become, happen, be done

trānseō, -īre, -iī, -itum - to go across (*trans • eō, īre, iī, itum*)

Nouns

First Declension

cūra, -ae f. - care, concern

lacrima, -ae f. - tear

lingua, -ae f. - tongue; language

via, -ae f. - way, street

Second Declension

animus, -ī m. - spirit, mind

locus, -ī m. - place; loca (n. pl.) region

membrum, -ī n. - limb, member of the body

morbus, -ī m. - sickness, disease

sīgnum -ī n. - sign, standard, mark

Third Declension

carō, carnis f. - flesh, meat

coniunx, coniugis m./f. - spouse, husband, wife

corpus, corporis n. - body

genus, generis n. - origin, lineage, kind

honor, -ōris m. - honor, glory, office

lēx, lēgis f. - law

mors, mortis f. - death

nox, noctis f. - night

ops, opis f. - assistance, resources

ōs, ōris n. - mouth, face

os, ossis n. - bone

parēns, parentis m./f. - parent

pars, partis f. - part

pectus, pectoris n. - chest, breast

scelus, sceleris n. - crime, sin

senex, senis m. - old man, elder; senior

virgō, virginis f. - maiden, virgin, girl

vīs, vīs f. - force, strength (in pl.), power; sexual violence

vulnus, vulneris n. - wound

Adjectives

First and Second Declension

aeger, aegra, aegrum - sick

dīversus, -a, -um - different

fessus, -a, -um - weary, tired

foedus, -a, -um - foul

īnferus, -a, -um - low, lower; (as subst. pl.) the dead

longus, -a, -um - long, far

niger, nigra, nigrum - black

sānus, -a, -um - sound, sane

validus, -a, -um - strong

Third Declension

gravis, -e - heavy, serious

trīstis, -e - sad, solemn, grim

Preposition

prope - near, next (+acc.); nearly, almost (adv.)

super - over (adv. and prep. +acc.)

Conjunctions

ac - and in addition, and also, and

ergō - therefore

neque - and not, nor

postquam - after

quamquam - however, although

quoque - also, too

vel - or else, or; even

Adverbs

haud -not at all, by no means

modo - just, just now;

mox - soon

nimis or **nimum** - excessively, too much

procul - at a distance, far

rūrsus - back, again

simul - at the same time

tamquam - as much as, just as, as if

vērō - in fact, certainly, without doubt